## Investigations of the EPR g Factors for $Er^{3+}$ in $CaMoO_4$

Shao-Yi Wu<sup>a,b</sup>, Hui-Ning Dong<sup>b,c</sup>, and Wang-He Wei<sup>a</sup>

- <sup>a</sup> Department of Applied Physics, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, Chengdu 610054, P. R. China
- b International Centre for Materials Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shenyang 110015, P. R. China
- <sup>c</sup> College of Electronic Engineering, Chongqing University of Posts and Telecommunications, Chongqing 400065, P. R. China

Reprint requests to S.-Y. W; E-mail: shaoyi\_wu@163.com

Z. Naturforsch. **59a**, 341 – 345 (2004); received March 25, 2004

The electron paramagnetic resonance (EPR) g factors  $g_{\parallel}$  and  $g_{\perp}$  for  $Er^{3+}$  in CaMoO<sub>4</sub> are theoretically investigated by using the perturbation formulas of the g factors for a  $4f^{11}$  ion in tetragonal symmetry. In these formulas, the contributions to the g factors arising from the second-order perturbation terms and the admixture of various states are considered. The crystal-field parameters for the tetragonally distorted tetrahedra are determined by using the superposition model and the structural data of the impurity  $Er^{3+}$  on the host  $Ca^{2+}$  site in CaMoO<sub>4</sub>. The calculated g factors agree with the observed values. The validity of the results is discussed.

*Key words:* Electron Paramagnetic Resonance (EPR); Crystal- and Spin Hamiltonians; Er<sup>3+</sup>; CaMoO<sub>4</sub>.